

Published daily except  
Sabbath by The  
Palestine Post Ltd. Founded in 1932 by  
GERSHON AGRON  
Registered in the G.P.O. Copyright of  
all material reserved; reproduction  
permitted only by arrangement.  
Editor: TED R. LURIE  
Head Office: 9 Rehov Havastrim,  
Jerusalem, P.O. Box 81, Tel. 26233.  
Tel Aviv: 32 Rehov Nablut Binyamin,  
P.O. Box 1125, Tel. 64251.  
Haifa: 34 Rehov Havastrim, Haifa, P.O. Box 4810, Tel. 5594.  
Annual Subscription: IL 62.  
Single Copy: 18 AGORA.  
Vol. XXXVII, No. 10048

FLY TWA  
SUPERJETS

THE JERUSALEM POST  
MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1961 • 21 Sivan, 5721 • 21 Zvi Hach, 1360

DUBEK  
FILTER  
WITH THE DUBK FILTER

## Cairo Broadcast Hits 'Moscow Radio Lies'

**PRESIDENT Kennedy** has met in Vienna the most dangerous of his opponents, Premier Khrushchev, after **OPPOSITION** having conferred with the most difficult of his allies, General de Gaulle. Neither of these meetings was expected to solve even a part of the problems which divide Washington and Moscow on the one hand, or Washington and Paris on the other. But they will certainly enable President Kennedy — at the start of a mandate which will last for four and perhaps for eight years — to know better the thoughts and intentions of two men with whom he will have in the coming years the most important — if not necessarily the most fruitful — of his discussions.

The two meetings have been more closely linked than other than one might have expected. The joint communiqué issued at the conclusion of the Paris talks emphasized total agreement between Gen. de Gaulle and Mr. Kennedy on the Berlin problem, but was very vague on other matters. This stress on Berlin was significant, showing that on this question Mr. Kennedy had adopted the tough attitude always advocated by Gen. de Gaulle and Chancellor Adenauer rather than the more flexible attitude which the Eisenhower Administration had pursued in close agreement with the British.

This change of attitude and the fact that it was published on the eve of the meeting showed clearly that Mr. Kennedy, though seeking new avenues of agreement with the Soviet Union, was essentially, at this stage, determined to convince Mr. Khrushchev not to make any miscalculation — where could a miscalculation be made more easily than in the thorny problem of Berlin. De Gaulle and Adenauer feel that any concession by Berlin would trigger a chain reaction of unpredictable consequences. Mr. Kennedy, who in the wake of the Cuban and Laos failures, is determined to draw a line beyond which the Russians cannot expand without risking a major war, did not require much convincing.

It also seems that Mr. Kennedy did not need much persuasion to accept closer consultations with Gen. de Gaulle on matters of foreign policy outside the framework of NATO. At the NATO meeting in Oslo last month, the principle of extending consultations outside NATO boundaries of the North Atlantic Treaty had already been accepted; no triumvirate (Great Britain, France, Germany) will be constituted mainly because of the opposition of NATO's other members, but there is no doubt that under Mr. Kennedy the network of private consultations on international affairs, which has been active between Washington and London, will now also function between Washington and Paris.

Though this certainly is an important concession to Gen. de Gaulle's point of view, it is by no means sufficient in itself. Many difficulties still remain. Gen. de Gaulle is not prepared fully to integrate his forces in NATO, or to accept America's virtual monopoly of Western nuclear weapons. Gen. de Gaulle estimates that as a nuclear war, wherever it may start, will endanger the existence of France, he must have the right to use nuclear weapons on the use of nuclear weapons by the U.S. He also thinks that taking into consideration the strategic character of nuclear reprisals, France cannot be certain that the U.S. will risk the destruction of its own cities by using atomic and hydrogen bombs to stop Soviet aggression in Europe. Therefore, Gen. de Gaulle is an independent atomic striking force for France. But Mr. Kennedy is no less determined than President Eisenhower was not to encourage any increase in the number of nuclear powers; and once France possesses an atomic force who is to prevent other countries from following suit? The most Mr. Kennedy could promise Gen. de Gaulle was to ask Congress for the right to transmit to France the same secret atomic information which it provides to Great Britain. It is nevertheless doubtful whether Congress will accept this request; at least so long as the Algerian war continues. The Algerians are worried less by a more successful revolt than the last one gave power to some generals who would not be so easily tempted to subvert the Algerian nationalists with the use of nuclear weapons.

In spite of the difficult Franco-American problems, France and the U.S. remain allies and are determined to continue their attempts to solve their differences. There are even more noteworthy that Messrs. Kennedy and Khrushchev have likewise decided to remain in the frame of peaceful competition and to try during the coming years to reach a better understanding than Russia and the U.S. have enjoyed.

**Neutralist Parley In Cairo Today**

CAIRO. — A 22-nation conference to prepare for a meeting of heads of non-aligned nations opens here today. The first object of the later top-level meeting will be to unify efforts of non-aligned countries in the U.N. to lessen tension between East and West. The preparatory conference, at which at least eight countries will be represented by their Foreign Ministers, will fix the date and place for the heads of government meeting, expected to be before the September session of the U.N. General Assembly.

It will also draw up a provisional agenda, which at the moment is confined to wide generalities such as world peace, disarmament, liquidation of colonialism and the non-interference of big powers in the affairs of small countries. There will be morning and evening sessions the last of Thursday. Only the opening and closing sessions will be open to the press.

The Cuban Foreign Minister Raul Roa, heading a four-man delegation, arrived here yesterday to attend the meeting. In Belgrade, it was announced that Foreign Minister Koca Popovic will head the Yugoslav delegation. Nations at the preparatory conference will include the U.A.R., Yugoslavia, Indonesia, India, Sudan, Ghana, Guinea, Mali, Morocco, Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Burma, Cambodia, Nepal, Ceylon, Afghanistan, Ethiopia, Somalia, Cuba, Brazil and the Yemen. (Reuters AP)

**'Entity' Issue Bedevils Cairo League Session**

CAIRO. — Political and economic questions were discussed by Abdul Nasser and President Makarios of Cyprus last night when their talks were launched. The Cypriot President is here on a seven-day visit which will also take him to Alexandria and Damascus. He is to address a special session of the U.A.R. National Assembly.

Archbishop Makarios at a state dinner on Saturday night said that Cyprus desires greater cooperation with the U.A.R. But he also pointed out that trade between Cyprus and Israel has long been regarded as incompatible with the development of close Cypriot relations with the Arab states. At the dinner, Nasser recalled the days of the 1956 Suez crisis and said: "Our enemy made Cyprus the base for his aggression against the U.A.R. When that enemy was crushed, Egyptian and Cypriot knew they had crushed a common enemy, because Cyprus had once been suppressed by the same forces." (Reuters AP)

**Arab Summit On Palestine Urged**

AMMAN. (Reuters). — Jordan welcomed any Arab meeting on a very high level to discuss Arab questions, particularly the issue of Palestine, which has been active between Washington and London, will now also function between Washington and Paris.

Though this certainly is an important concession to Gen. de Gaulle's point of view, it is by no means sufficient in itself. Many difficulties still remain. Gen. de Gaulle is not prepared fully to integrate his forces in NATO, or to accept America's virtual monopoly of Western nuclear weapons. Gen. de Gaulle estimates that as a nuclear war, wherever it may start, will endanger the existence of France, he must have the right to use nuclear weapons on the use of nuclear weapons by the U.S. He also thinks that taking into consideration the strategic character of nuclear reprisals, France cannot be certain that the U.S. will risk the destruction of its own cities by using atomic and hydrogen bombs to stop Soviet aggression in Europe. Therefore, Gen. de Gaulle is an independent atomic striking force for France. But Mr. Kennedy is no less determined than President Eisenhower was not to encourage any increase in the number of nuclear powers; and once France possesses an atomic force who is to prevent other countries from following suit? The most Mr. Kennedy could promise Gen. de Gaulle was to ask Congress for the right to transmit to France the same secret atomic information which it provides to Great Britain. It is nevertheless doubtful whether Congress will accept this request; at least so long as the Algerian war continues. The Algerians are worried less by a more successful revolt than the last one gave power to some generals who would not be so easily tempted to subvert the Algerian nationalists with the use of nuclear weapons.

In spite of the difficult Franco-American problems, France and the U.S. remain allies and are determined to continue their attempts to solve their differences. There are even more noteworthy that Messrs. Kennedy and Khrushchev have likewise decided to remain in the frame of peaceful competition and to try during the coming years to reach a better understanding than Russia and the U.S. have enjoyed.

**Mr. Max Fineman**  
of Los Angeles, Calif.  
upon his welcome visit to Israel for the dedication of a beautiful SEFER TORAH which he generously donated for the Yeshiva in memory of his beloved mother, Bracha. May he, his wife Miriam, their children and grandchildren, be blessed with health and happy long life, Amen.  
RABBI KOOK'S  
Universal Yeshiva, Jerusalem

## Ben-Gurion to Meet Twice With de Gaulle Tomorrow

By MAURICE CARL, Jerusalem Post Correspondent  
PARIS. — Prime Minister Ben-Gurion will have a tête-à-tête meeting with President de Gaulle before lunch at the Elysee Palace tomorrow, and over coffee they are likely to resume their private talks for another 20 minutes or so.

Despite his progress in learning French, the Israeli Premier will use the services of an interpreter — in all probability Ambassador Walter Eytan. Mr. Ben-Gurion continued to rest in the country near Oxford yesterday and will leave London Airport or Paris today on a special flight. In the latter connection, it may be assumed that Foreign Minister Gold Meir, when she calls on Foreign Minister Maurice Couve de Murville on Thursday, will pursue the quest for an appropriate framework which will enable Israel to be fitted into the European Common Market. Mrs. Meir, who is arriving here tomorrow, will spend the morning in consultation with Mr. Ben-Gurion, and afterwards will join him for lunch with Gen. de Gaulle and dinner with M. Debre.

Mr. Ben-Gurion's crowded schedule has been modified to permit him to receive a delegation of leaders of French Jewish organizations between lunch and dinner. A couple of hours after his arrival in Paris, he will meet with Gen. de Gaulle and dinner with M. Debre.

**Israel Not to Sell Arms To States Likely to Re-Sell**

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
The Cabinet yesterday approved a five-point statement defining Israel's position regarding the sale of arms to foreign states, including an undertaking to study the possibility of assuring that arms bought by any state would not be transferred to a third state.

The statement, which was submitted by Acting Prime Minister Levi Eshkol, will be presented in the Knesset. Discussion of the question in the Cabinet followed a report in the London "Observer" that West Germany had re-sold Israeli-made Sten guns to Portugal.

The statement approved yesterday follows:  
1. Israel has sold arms to foreign states in accordance with decisions of the Government, and on the basis of the understanding that such arms would not be passed on to a third state.  
2. Israel will not sell arms to any state from which they are likely to be transmitted to a third state.  
3. The Government will examine the possibility of inserting in contracts for the sale of arms clauses which will ensure that arms sold by Israel will not be transferred by the buyer to a third state.  
4. In the past, when such states attempted to buy arms from Israel, the Government, directly or indirectly, refused to do so.  
5. The official communiqué stated:  
The Cabinet at its weekly meeting held a review by the Acting Prime Minister of the statement on the subject of arms sales, reported on his visit to the U.S. and England.  
The Israeli Sea Works Bill (Interest on Shares) was approved. A number of administrative matters were discussed.  
At yesterday's Cabinet session Mr. Eshkol charged with lack of responsibility the coalition and opposition parties who had opened a most damaging propaganda campaign on the basis of a very short news item without allowing for sufficient time to verify the pertinent facts.  
Although there are elections in the offing, he said, it should be borne in mind that there is a State to take care of.  
Mr. Eshkol told the Cabinet that no evidence has yet been brought that the report is true. The Government has begun to clarify the matter, and is continuing to do so.  
At his weekly press briefing, the Government Secretary declined to reply to a question whether any Ministers had criticized the report. He also declined to reply to a question whether any Ministers had been included in past contracts.  
He also declined to reply to questions as to whether any of the Ministers announced that the statement would not support the statement in the Knesset.  
Asked how Paragraph 4 of the statement would be interpreted — whether it would be specifically applied to Britain and France — the Secretary replied: "Just as it is written."

**Bonn Denies Israel Arms Sold Lisbon**

POST Diplomatic Reporter  
The spokesman of the West German Foreign Ministry emphatically denied in Bonn yesterday reports in the London "Observer" that the German Federal Republic had re-sold Israeli-made sub-machineguns to Portugal.

A report to this effect was received last night by the Foreign Ministry in Jerusalem from the Israeli mission in Cologne.

The Bonn spokesman also stated that Germany would not support such sub-machineguns to Portugal, and that no member of the German Embassy in Lisbon had given any indication of such a sale.

The Bonn spokesman also stated that Germany would not support such sub-machineguns to Portugal, and that no member of the German Embassy in Lisbon had given any indication of such a sale.

The Bonn spokesman also stated that Germany would not support such sub-machineguns to Portugal, and that no member of the German Embassy in Lisbon had given any indication of such a sale.

The Bonn spokesman also stated that Germany would not support such sub-machineguns to Portugal, and that no member of the German Embassy in Lisbon had given any indication of such a sale.

The Bonn spokesman also stated that Germany would not support such sub-machineguns to Portugal, and that no member of the German Embassy in Lisbon had given any indication of such a sale.

The Bonn spokesman also stated that Germany would not support such sub-machineguns to Portugal, and that no member of the German Embassy in Lisbon had given any indication of such a sale.

The Bonn spokesman also stated that Germany would not support such sub-machineguns to Portugal, and that no member of the German Embassy in Lisbon had given any indication of such a sale.

The Bonn spokesman also stated that Germany would not support such sub-machineguns to Portugal, and that no member of the German Embassy in Lisbon had given any indication of such a sale.

The Bonn spokesman also stated that Germany would not support such sub-machineguns to Portugal, and that no member of the German Embassy in Lisbon had given any indication of such a sale.

## K and K Conclude 'Useful' Talks; Little Accord, But Understanding

**No Surprises, nor Ultimatum** | **Contact to be Maintained**

By JESSE ZEL LURIE, Jerusalem Post Correspondent  
VIENNA. — The Kennedy-Khrushchev talks, which ended here yesterday with a joint communiqué that characterized the meetings as "useful," were a complete success in that they accomplished what each side wanted: a complete and definitive understanding of each other's position. No substantial agreements were reached, and none were expected.

The joint communiqué concentrated on Laos probably because the views of the American and Soviet leaders are closest on this question. The communiqué said they recognized the importance of an effective cease-fire and reaffirmed their support for an independent and neutral Laos.

**F.M.'s in Geneva**  
After the communiqué they came to no agreement on Laos, but Mr. Dean Rusk and Mr. Andrei Gromyko were likely to meet in Geneva later this week with a better chance of getting the deadlocked Laos conference moving again.

Probably the most important section of the communiqué is the last sentence announcing that the two K's "have agreed to maintain contact on all questions." This does not necessarily mean personal meetings, but there was much speculation that Mr. Khrushchev had invited President Kennedy to make the visit to Russia that President Eisenhower had not made.

The American press spokesman, Pierre Salinger, refused to confirm or deny the invitation, but an authoritative source indicated that it would be political suicide for Mr. Kennedy to go to Russia until there was some measure of agreement on the many questions that still separate the two sides. The same source indicated with a smile that probably Khrushchev would like to visit the United States once more but could not until Kennedy had been to Russia.

The talks ranged over a wide field — Germany, disarmament, and a nuclear test-ban treaty, as well as Africa and other subjects.

**No Berlin Ultimatum**  
On Berlin, both men stated their positions forcefully. Mr. Khrushchev issued no ultimatum as he has done in the past. Kennedy stressed the need for a determination to defend the city and warned against any miscalculation.

His 125-word joint communiqué on the talks, which lasted two hours longer than scheduled, was the shortest of its kind in diplomatic observances could remember.

A Soviet spokesman said the Foreign Ministers of the two countries would hold a number of meetings in the future.

Both Saturday and yesterday Mr. Khrushchev and Mr. Kennedy went on talking long past their scheduled time and observers said they seemed to be getting on well together.

At the weekend meeting, President Kennedy left by air last night for London to brief the British Prime Minister, Mr. Macmillan, on the talks.

It was announced that U.S. officials were also flying last night to Paris and Bonn to inform French President de Gaulle and German Chancellor Adenauer of the Vienna discussions.

Mr. and Mrs. Khrushchev, who were spending the night in Vienna, gave a dinner in the Hotel Imperial for Dr. Adolf Schaerf, the Austrian President's guest, who flew back to Moscow this morning.

Mr. Pierre Salinger, White House press spokesman, stressed at a press conference last night that Mr. Kennedy had made it clear the meeting was to discuss Soviet-American relations.

**Stevenson on Tour Of South America**

NEW YORK (AP). — Adlai E. Stevenson, U.S. Ambassador to the U.N., left by plane yesterday on an official 17-day visit to 10 South American countries.

Speaking at the airport prior to his departure for Caracas, Venezuela, Mr. Stevenson said: "I don't anticipate any trouble. I am looking forward to the trip and expect it to be a beautiful experience."

Caracas was the scene of violent anti-American demonstrations against Vice-President Richard Nixon on his tour in 1958.

**Two U.N. Employees Die in Crash**

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
Two U.N. employees were killed in a road accident yesterday at the foot of the Castel on the Tel Aviv-Jerusalem highway.

A truck coming down the incline, suddenly went out of control. The truck hit the car, which was on the side of the road and then rolled over what was left, completely demolishing it.

The girls were killed instantly. The driver, who was taken to the Sha'are Zedek Hospital, Jerusalem, is reported to be in serious condition.

**Mamilla Cemetery 'Cleaned' by Fire**

Two fires in the Moslem Cemetery in Gan Haatzmaim in Jerusalem yesterday cleaned the area of its brush. Late in the afternoon a fire broke out in the cemetery grounds. The fire spread rapidly and consumed the brush and debris that had been piled up in the cemetery. The fire was extinguished by 11:30, only standing by with beaters to keep it from spreading.

**USSR, Hungary Protest Attacks in B'Aires**

LONDON (AP). — Both the Soviet Union and Hungary have protested to Argentina against attacks last week on their Embassies in Buenos Aires.



**This week at the PAY FOR PER-JUL 5**

**get 1 + basket FREE**

**IZHAR'S SP LISHED SPECIAL**

the constant Oil for Cooking, Baking, Frying and Salads.

**Tempo**









JERSEY SUITS and DRESSES

44 Albany Rd. Tel Aviv

The Weather

Forecast: Fair

|                | A     | B     | C     |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Jerusalem      | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Tel Aviv       | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Haifa          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Beirut         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| London         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Paris          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Rome           | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Madrid         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Bombay         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Calcutta       | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Delhi          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Colombo        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Singapore      | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Batavia        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Manila         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Cebu           | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Yokohama       | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Tokyo          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Osaka          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Kobe           | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Shanghai       | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Peking         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Tientsin       | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Harbin         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Manchuria      | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| North China    | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| South China    | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Hong Kong      | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Macau          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Amoy           | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Swatow         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Shantou        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Quanzhou       | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Xiamen         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Fuzhou         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Ningbo         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Shaoxing       | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Hangzhou       | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Wenzhou        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Jiaxing        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Hebei          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Shandong       | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Henan          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Hubei          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Sichuan        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Yunnan         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Guizhou        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Inner Mongolia | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Shaanxi        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Shanxi         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Heilongjiang   | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Jilin          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Henan          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Hubei          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Sichuan        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Yunnan         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Guizhou        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Inner Mongolia | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Shaanxi        | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Shanxi         | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Heilongjiang   | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |
| Jilin          | 18-23 | 18-23 | 18-23 |

## ARRIVALS

Mr. Asher Ben-Zion, Director-General of the Defense Ministry, arrived in Tel Aviv yesterday after attending the National Air Show in Paris (by Air France).

Mr. Asher Ben-Zion, Director-General of the Defense Ministry, arrived in Tel Aviv yesterday after attending the National Air Show in Paris (by Air France).

## DEPARTURES

Mr. Asher Ben-Zion, Director-General of the Defense Ministry, departed for Paris yesterday after attending the National Air Show (by Air France).

Mr. Asher Ben-Zion, Director-General of the Defense Ministry, departed for Paris yesterday after attending the National Air Show (by Air France).

## Brazzaville Economic Mission Ends Visit

LYDDA AIRPORT — The Congolese Brazzaville Economic Mission, which arrived in Israel yesterday for a five-day visit, departed for Brazzaville this morning. The mission was headed by Mr. Pierre Kikoungou, Minister of the Economy and Finance, and accompanied by Mr. Pierre Kikoungou, Minister of the Economy and Finance, and accompanied by Mr. Pierre Kikoungou, Minister of the Economy and Finance.

## UPPER VOLTA MISSION FOR WEEK'S VISIT

LYDDA AIRPORT — The Upper Volta Economic Mission, which arrived in Israel yesterday for a week's visit, departed for Upper Volta this morning. The mission was headed by Mr. Antoine Yombi, Minister of the Economy and Finance, and accompanied by Mr. Antoine Yombi, Minister of the Economy and Finance, and accompanied by Mr. Antoine Yombi, Minister of the Economy and Finance.

## IVORY COAST RADIO CHIEF ON VISIT

LYDDA AIRPORT — The Ivory Coast Radio Chief, who arrived in Israel yesterday for a ten-day visit, departed for Ivory Coast this morning. The chief was accompanied by Mr. Antoine Yombi, Minister of the Economy and Finance, and accompanied by Mr. Antoine Yombi, Minister of the Economy and Finance, and accompanied by Mr. Antoine Yombi, Minister of the Economy and Finance.

## INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS

Israel Section regrets to announce the death of its beloved and esteemed colleague Prof. ERNST SACHS M.D. F.I.C.S. and expresses heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family.

## On the 30th day after the passing away of

## Emo Emanuel Groag

his friends will hold a MEMORIAL MEETING at 8 p.m. on Thursday, June 5 at the Kiryat Tivon cemetery. A special bus will leave from the Kiryat Anaf Post Office at 6.45.

## The Executive of the World Zionist Organisation

## The Executive of the Jewish Agency

## Prof. Yehuda Pinhas Leo Kohn

Political Secretary of the Jewish Agency during the years 1933-48.

## The Hebrew University of Jerusalem

## mourns the passing of

## Dr. LEO KOHN

one of the pioneer builders of the University and Associate Professor of International Relations since 1933

## and extends its deepest sympathy to the bereaved family.

MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1961

## Government Investing IL5m. In Wolfson-Clore-Mayer Corp.

Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter Participation by the Government in the IL5m. Wolfson-Clore-Mayer Corporation for urban and industrial development was approved by the Ministerial Economic Committee in Jerusalem yesterday.

Initial capital will be IL5m. to be supplied in equal parts by the Israel Government, Mr. Isaac Wolfson, Mr. Charles Clore and the Mayer Brothers Company. A stock issue of IL5m. will be made available to the public shortly. The Corporation will aid the development of new and existing industrial projects and will undertake building and development work in urban areas. This may include the development of the Manshiel quarter in Tel Aviv-Jaffa. Government participation was also approved in the IL10m. Mortgage and Investment Building Company, founded by the Contractors and Builders Association. The Association will supply half the initial capital of IL2m. The Corporation will channel mortgage loans in equal parts to private and public building (including the Save-for-Housing scheme).

## Changes in Duty Rates Gazetted

A number of alterations in customs rates were gazetted by the Treasury yesterday. Based on recommendations made by the Public Advisory Committee on Tariffs, they include reductions in purchase tax on a number of items, among them the following:

- On alarm clocks, down from 35 to 30 per cent.
- On three-wheel commercial motor scooters, from 40 to 30 per cent.
- On automatic vending machines from 30 to 10 per cent (the new rate to be valid for 12 months).
- Equipment and materials for the Haifa subway will continue to be free of purchase tax, and spare parts for the subway, for another 12 months.
- Customs on calves weighing less than 150 kilos is reduced from IL1 to 50 agorot (the new rate will be valid for 12 months).

## Private, Public Building

The Company will channel mortgage loans in equal parts to private and public building (including the Save-for-Housing scheme).

## Leo Kohn Buried in Capital

Yehuda Pinhas (Leo) Kohn, Political Adviser to the Foreign Ministry, was buried in Jerusalem on Saturday at the age of 87, was buried in the Sanhedria Cemetery yesterday.

In the funeral procession were Cabinet Ministers, Members of the Knesset, university professors and students, civic dignitaries, senior Government officials, and a throng of citizens from all over the country who came to pay their last respects. After a eulogy delivered by the Chief Rabbi of Rehovot, Rabbi Elimelech Bar-Shai, the procession left from Hadassah Hospital in Rehovot to the Kiryat Tivon cemetery in the Kiryat Anaf Post Office, where the Minister of the Interior, Mr. Haim Moshe Shapiro, on behalf of the Government, and Mr. Aryeh Levanon, Acting Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, presided.

## An Appreciation

With the sudden death of Yehuda Pinhas (Leo) Kohn, Political Adviser of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs and Professor of International Relations at the University of the Jewish People, the Zionist movement, the Foreign Ministry, the Jewish Agency, and the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, mourn the passing of a great man.

## INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS

## Israel Section

regrets to announce the death of its beloved and esteemed colleague

## Prof. ERNST SACHS M.D. F.I.C.S.

and expresses heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family.

## On the 30th day after the passing away of

## Emo Emanuel Groag

his friends will hold a MEMORIAL MEETING at 8 p.m. on Thursday, June 5 at the Kiryat Tivon cemetery. A special bus will leave from the Kiryat Anaf Post Office at 6.45.

## The Executive of the World Zionist Organisation

## The Executive of the Jewish Agency

## Prof. Yehuda Pinhas Leo Kohn

Political Secretary of the Jewish Agency during the years 1933-48.

## The Hebrew University of Jerusalem

## mourns the passing of

## Dr. LEO KOHN

one of the pioneer builders of the University and Associate Professor of International Relations since 1933

## and extends its deepest sympathy to the bereaved family.

## Mid-Sea Fishing Fleet Laid Up

Jerusalem Post Reporter HAIFA — All 15 boats of the Mediterranean trawler fishing fleet have been laid up for lack of work. They and their crews of about 90 are expected to be laid off for about two months.

The step was taken in view of the dearth of fish off the Israeli coast, partly due to the heavy overfishing during the past years. At the same time, the trawlers are no longer able to fish off Turkey, where the fishing is good, and off the southern coast for security reasons. For the time being, the men are reconditioning and overhauling the boats. In the Red Sea, as well, the smaller vessels have been laid up. It was found too hard to operate them during the height of the summer heat. They are expected to return to service in autumn. Sardine fishers are continuing their operations, however, with some success. They are also expected to return to service in autumn. Sardine fishers are continuing their operations, however, with some success. They are also expected to return to service in autumn.

## It's an Ill Sharay That...

By YACOV FRIEDLER Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA — If the present, extended shoray has been making you uncomfortable, you are obviously not a sardine fisherman. These men, more than 300 of them, can think of no better weather; shoray means big catches.

## 60,000 Children To Subsidized Camps

Some 60,000 primary school pupils are expected to attend the 450-day camps to be opened in the summer under the auspices of the Ministry of Education and Culture, the Ministry spokesman announced.

## Jewess Ignored Marriage To Christian, Accused of Bigamy

TEL AVIV — A woman who took a second husband in 1951, was charged with bigamy and of perjury in telling the Tel Aviv District Court yesterday that she was single.

## Aliza Pano Said To Be 'Depressed'

Jerusalem Post Reporter HAIFA — Mrs. Aliza Pano had been depressed because of her inability to bear children and because of her love for Rafael Elias — husband of the woman for whom poisoning she is now on trial.

## Boy, 14, Missing From Ashkelon Home

ASHKELOH — Fourteen-year-old Amir Guez, who has been missing from his home since Saturday morning when he was last seen, has still not been found.

## Attention All Tourists!

We are pleased to announce that we have opened a branch at the

## DOLPHIN HOUSE

SHAVEI ZION NEAR NAHARIYA with a collection of the latest models in JERSEY made by

Aled, Dorina & Elenit

We will be pleased to continue to serve our clientele at our shop at Beit Hakramot, Haifa.

## APART

Sheet Haifa

THE JERUSALEM POST

## Technion Governors Get Down to Business Today

HAIFA — The annual meeting of the Technion's Board of Governors opened last night with a reception at the Churchill Auditorium, Technion City.

Supreme Court Justice Moshe Landau, Chairman of the Board of Governors, welcomed the members and their guests. Greetings from overseas Technion societies were delivered by Dr. J.R. Sensibar, of Chicago, Mr. Edward Rosen, of London, and Mr. David Pines, of Johannesburg, Chairman of the American, British and South Africa Societies respectively, and Mr. Eugene Stearns, Chairman of the Montreal Technion Society.

## Inter-Faith Group Here from Phila.

Jerusalem Post Reporter TEL AVIV — The U.S. Interfaith Mission, this year composed of three T.V. reporters, arrived in Tel Aviv today.

Mr. Salinger was asked whether the two leaders spoke about Africa. He replied that they covered a number of areas of the world and they certainly discussed some phases of African problems. The chief Soviet spokesman, Mr. Mikhail Khramov, was asked whether the two leaders discussed the Balkan matter. He said they could not deal with absolutely every matter in such a short time.

## Second Day of Vienna Talks

(Continued from Page 1)

an relations and that he did not speak for the Western allies.

## Tel Aviv Stock Markets

1.5 4.4

LINKED 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

1/2% Taver 8 90 90

## THE CHALLENGER WEIGHS IN



By arrangement with 'Ma'ariv'

## Second Day of Vienna Talks

(Continued from Page 1)

an relations and that he did not speak for the Western allies



## GENTLEMEN OF THE PRESS

Australian Newspaperman to Head IPI Next Year

By PHILIP GILLON

THERE is going to be as sharp a contrast in the handling of the affairs of the International Press Institute after 1962, when Australian Robert D. Rivett takes over as Director from English Jim Rose, I suspect, as there was between the batting of Hutton and Bradman. The English air of self-deprecation will be replaced by the Australian's crisp and self-confident efficiency; the twang of "Down Under" will contrast somewhat sharply with the public school modulations of his predecessor's speech.

Mr. Rivett was educated at Oxford as well as at Melbourne Universities, but he is still typical of those gay and courageous Colonial men who have distinguished themselves on the battlefields of the world as much as on the cricket-fields and tennis-courts.

During World War II he was a member of the A.I.F. and then a War correspondent in Malaya, where he was captured by the Japanese. He was in various prisoner-of-war camps in Indonesia, Burma and Thailand, and wrote a book on his experience, "Behind Bamboo". After the War he was a correspondent in China and became Editor-in-Chief of the "Adelaide News", a post he held for ten years, during which he wrote a second book on the migrants to Australia.

He will be running the IPI during a period which may prove to be even more critical than its first ten years, with the question of the Press in the developing countries assuming far greater importance than it does in the more comfortable countries of North America and Europe. His knowledge of the Far East should prove most useful to IPI.

From Asia and Africa with the emphasis thus on the emerging countries, great attention was focussed throughout last week's Assembly in Tel Aviv on the men from Asia and Africa. From Japan came Mr. Chikao Honda, a veteran fighter for freedom of the Press, foundation member of IPI. Two months ago he retired from the editorship of Tokyo's Mainichi Shinbun to take life easy, which means that he is still Chairman of the Board and senior adviser. Mr. Honda is a staid man with an amiable manner, who apologizes for his English but insists on finding the exact word to express the nuances after which he strives.

Like most of the men from Asia at IPI, his thinking is dominated by the threat of Communism and he insists that conventional Western code of behaviour cannot be applied even in so Westernized a country as Japan. He emphasizes the value of the Bill against violence in politics which sparked the recent outbreaks in his country.

"But let's forget Communism for a while and talk about Israel," he says, "I have been very surprised to find everything so prosperous and so green. We had no idea in Japan about what is going on here — and how hard you people work!"

THREE representatives of another country which is feeling the Communist squeeze also give the impression of being worthyburghers as well as newspapermen. Mr. Sung-Kon Kim and Dr. Kyu Whan Kim are the Pres-

ident and Editor respectively of the Orient Press (Seoul). Mr. Chong-In Hong is Chairman of the Board of the Chosun-Ilbo, Seoul. They preferred to be interviewed together so that there could be no doubt as to exact wording of any remarks they made about the ticklish situation in South Korea. Clearly they considered that long-tried Western abstractions and ideals were of little avail in guarding the 38th Parallel, especially when allied to corruption below it. Dr. Chang's deposed government, they said, had nothing to commend it; it had been both weak and dishonest, a bad combination in a country threatened with destruction. The lavish distribution of too much freedom which allowed infiltrators to cross the border was branded by them as irresponsible: freedom of the Press should be reserved for agencies and newspapers which had proved themselves worthy of it.

THE most picturesque figure at the Assembly was Father Joseph Vadakkan, a Roman Catholic priest from the former Communist State of Koorala, in South India, where he edits a paper setting out the Catholic point of view. While the Communists are in power, he was under great pressure and in cases were brought against him, one of which is still pending. He also sees Communism as the dominant danger in Asia.

He came to Israel at the last minute, as the result of a chance meeting with Jim Rose. Tall and stately in robes which are either pure white or deep black, he strode the aisles of the Sheraton emanating goodwill and kindness. He says that he had no idea what was going on in Israel, and that the country had not penetrated to Koorala.

ANOTHER imposing figure in robes was Latif Kadoorie, Managing Director and Editor-in-Chief of Allied Newspapers Limited and of nine subsidiary companies in Nigeria. He is the dominant personality in journalism in West Africa.

In one of the business discussions about the attitude of IPI to editors under pressure, he showed an astute knowledge of the intricacies of constitutional discussion, perhaps because of his education at London University.

NATHAN Shamuyarin, of the African Daily News, Salisbury, wore no flowing robes and made no effort to assert his Africanism. But he held me in his deep, Paul Robeson voice that in Southern Rhodesia he is forced to be more aggressive about it than in Israel, because there are still irrational social distinctions and archaic segregation laws in Salisbury. His newspaper is the only African daily there, and he is invited freely to all Press

Conferences — but the Salisbury Press Club is in a hotel for whites only, and he refuses to enter it, although a distinction would probably be made in his favour. Asked if the Press of Southern Rhodesia is any more progressive and intelligent about the colour question than the white population in general, he says with a rueful smile that the editors, publishers and journalists are no better than the rest, although he personally has good relationships with them.

He says that the most powerful newspapers are controlled by a prodigiously wealthy South African company and "freedom of the Press" is hardly a correct way to describe its news and views. On the land issue now agitating Rhodesia, which brought Sandys flying down to Salisbury, he says that there can be no solution until the whites reconcile themselves to a fair redistribution.

Realistic Editors ONE of the leading editors to come from Europe was Mr. Elias Erkkio, of Helsinki. He has the appearance of the prototype of a burgomaster, but he speaks crisply, shortly and to the point. One of the founders of IPI, his views commanded great respect throughout all the sessions.

He believes, incidentally, that many people from Finland would enjoy the sunshine of Israel, only nine to ten hours flying time from his country.

THE American delegation was the largest at the IPI, but somehow the tone of most discussions was set by members from the United Kingdom, with central Europe and the developing countries filling in the gaps. Sevelon Brown, of the Providence "Journal-Bulletin", presided over one session both amiably and astutely. A graduate of the Pulitzer School of Journalism, he has been a working newspaperman in various capacities. His views were practical rather than theoretical, and he avoided the cloudy heights of abstraction and principle.

Like other members of his delegation, he was always pleasantly and suitably thrilled by Israel. There were only some of the IPI people who made the three days so pleasant and interesting. Although discussing journalism in the comfort of the Sheraton seemed rather remote from the perils of Communism and even from the mildly hectic newsrooms of Israel, the IPI Assembly may help Israel too in its efforts to maintain its freedom. All the editors were united in their determination to be realistic and not to view the problems of the journalist on the beat from the lofty heights of ivory towers.

## AT THE CINEMA

Sellers' Slapstick

THE art of the slapstick comedy, which can be laughed at for its own sake but which also pokes fun at men and things, has been lost since Charlie Chaplin fell victim to pretensions. No American could hold high his fallen crown; Bop Hope never got past wisecracking and Danny Kaye still plays to the crowd. Now a young English Jew, Peter Sellers, has come forward with a series of modest little films that are fanciful, funny, and even philosophical.

Two Way Stretch (Or Gil Jerusalem) is a steadily deadpan spoof of Her Majesty's Prisons, Forces and do-gooders. The incorrigible lags using the last leg of their stretch as an alibi for a gigantic sparkie-nicking are led by prison-trustee Sellers. Their uproarious efforts to get in and out of prison while lifting the Sultan's sparklers from an army convoy are a delight.

Sellers is a superb mimic and his accent superb. His rendition of Lane, the trusty and ringleader, is so underplayed that all the delicious supporting characters seem mere caricatures

by comparison. The fanatic Chief Warden bears a remarkable resemblance to Yisrael Beer.

Too Brutal

Rocco and his Brothers (Chen, Tel Aviv — third week), which won the Special Jury Prize at the Venice Film Festival last year, is a realistic drama directed by Luciano Visconti which made "La Terra Trema" and "White Nights". Its underlying theme is the effect of the big sophisticated city (Milan) on a peasant family from Southern Italy. Rosaria, the mother, very naturally acted by Greek actress Katina Paxinou, arrives in Milan with her four sons to join the fifth who is about to be married there. Simone, her favourite (Renato Salvatori) takes up prize-fighting and gets his head (Annie Girardot). Rocco (not too convincingly portrayed by French actor Alain Delon) goes off to his military service and when he returns falls in love with the same girl. When Simone finds out, he attacks his more gentle-natured brother and there is rape, bitter fighting between the two, and violent murder.



Sir Winston Churchill and Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion meet for the first time on Friday in London. (UPI Radiophoto)

YESTERDAY'S PRESS:

## THE ARMS DEAL

Herut writes that even if the report that Germany has resold Israel Stens to Portugal for use against the freedom fighters in Angola, proved to be without foundation because "Israel does not manufacture Stens," the stigma of the arms deal with Germany still remains.

Ha'aretz (non-party) observes that Mr. Ben-Gurion's feeling that it is West Germany that will be ready to help us appears to have become a sort of obsession with him and while he has attacked others for knowing to the powers, he is doing

just that when it comes to Bonn. But we must not lose sight of the difference between Israel's and Germany's regard for foreign commitments: whereas Germany may aid Portugal in Angola and succeed in living it down to the point of forgetfulness, not so Israel, whose every default may long be remembered by the African peoples. Ha'aretz (Liberal) argues that weapons of the type referred to are available from any number of sources and it is not our fault that the Germans poked on our type to resell for use in Angola.

## Italy Marks 15th Republic Day

By ERWIN FRENKEL

THE Republic of Italy is now celebrating the fifteenth anniversary of its establishment on June 2, 1946. Thousands of Jews who were refugees in Europe at the time, remember with gratitude the role of Italy and Italians in their efforts to reach a home of their own. In their struggle to reach the shores of Zion, Italian ships, Italian seamen and Italian officers played a prominent part.

Perhaps this in itself would be enough to warrant the appreciation which Israelis feel for Italy as she celebrates the fifteenth anniversary of the Republic and the centenary of the nation's unification. But with the testimony of the Eichmann trial fresh in their minds, Israelis are aware that Italy's helping hand was felt long before Alvin Karpis. Even while Italy was Germany's ally, Nazi leaders complained that the Italians interfered wherever they could in favour of the Jews, stating that "the points of view of the German and Italian governments were entirely different." Italian Jews, despite the Fascist government, suffered no serious change in their status until after

September, 1943, when the Germans invaded Italy after the insurrection led by Marshal Badoglio. But even then, when aid to the Jews became a capital offence, the Italian people remained true to their hearts and loyal to their Jewish neighbours. As one witness at the trial has testified, "Every Italian Jew that was saved from the (Nazi) Hell owes his life to the Italian people."

Friendly Ties

Fortunately those desperate days have passed and in the interval Italy and Israel have blossomed forth as democratic nations maintaining close and friendly ties. Italy, whose postwar economic recovery has been a remarkable phenomenon, has been steadily increasing its exports to Israel. In 1960 these exports, which included rice, metals, textile machinery, and the like, amounted to over \$100 million and economic observers point out that this figure can be great-

By PATRICK O'DONOVAN

JOHANNESBURG — THE most highly organized and best publicized attempt at protest by the Africans of South Africa — their call for a three-day strike on the eve of Republic Day — must be accounted a failure.

There are several reasons for the unexpected extent of the failure. A chief cause, of course, was the firmness of the Government and police. The Government prepared for the worst; called up the army reserves and camped them, armed, in the cities. The police arrested thousands of Africans suspected of political disaffection or criminal intent. Today the African leaders are either in gaol or have gone underground.

Then, again, to strike at all needed a special courage in a people that have virtually no economic reserves, no savings. Most businesses are prepared to pay double wages to men who report to work during the period of a strike. Those who stay away risk dismissal, and this can mean overwhelming tragedy.

Divided Leadership

The African leadership itself is gravely divided, with one militant faction condemning the strike as too feeble a weapon. And among many township Africans there exists a heavy air of hopelessness. They have seen demonstrations before, have known violence, and what

have these achieved against the arms and the determination of the whites? Perhaps the most faithful of the strikers was the Indian community, forever caught between the millstones of white supremacy and black African nationalism. In Durban, for example, where their community is a large one, they closed all their shops and work places. But Durban has had a bad record of anti-Indian race riots with the Zulus as aggressors, and they had no intention of risking African reprisals. Very few Africans in Durban observed the strike.

The strike had a frankly political purpose. It was called to protest, not against the founding of the Republic in South Africa and the severance of the Commonwealth tie, but against the fact that only white South Africans were given any voice in the decision to do these things. It was also a protest against the Government's rejection of a demand for a multi-racial congress to discuss the future of this troubled country.

The orders issued by the African leaders were simple. Families were to stay quietly at home behind closed doors. There was to be no violence, and no demonstrations. It was to be a silent demonstration of the power of the majority to bring South Africa to a halt.

Precisely how the African leadership works and who it now consists of is uncertain. Arrests and the needs for secrecy have seen to that. The leadership has shifted from week to week, and grown less effective. The accepted leader, however, is the 42-year-old Nelson Mandela. He is a powerful, bearded, genial lawyer, a member of an important chiefly family who has been a considerable boxer. He has also been a racial extremist and, indeed, has been declared a "statutory Communist" by the South African Government — an administrative convenience which serves to limit his political rights rather than as an accurate assessment of his ideology. In addition he was arrested in 1956 with 200 others, and sat behind wire during the long treason trial, which ended with their acquittal this year. He seems to have been impressed by the efforts of a group of lawyers and liberal whites to help the accused, and he now firmly advocates cooperation between the Africans and all the other groups in the country.

Setback for Moderates

The failure of the strike represents a severe setback for peaceful African leadership. The strike was organized by the African National Congress, which has existed since 1912, and which must be one of the most moderate political organizations in all

Africa. It has developed a positive distaste for demagoguery and has preserved a touching faith in the possibility of achieving political equality via constitutional means.

A splinter group, the Pan-African Congress, is far more militant. A large part of this group would refuse any cooperation with whites or Indians, and would drive the lot into the sea if they could. They were responsible for organizing the demonstration that ended in the Sharpeville massacre, with 30 Africans left dead on the ground.

They intrigued against the strike, and issued pamphlets condemning it as a futile compromise. They will emerge from this failure with increased strength, and their argument that the Africans can advance only by rougher and ruder tactics many sound more convincing in the future.

But essentially, the failure was a triumph for Dr. Verwoerd's National Party and Government. It came nicely on the eve of the proclamation of the Republic. It was a reminder that strength wins and pays. Of course no-thing has been settled. The whites are a little more confident. The Africans are a little more desperate. Another episode in South Africa's long agony has been put on one side. (OFNS)

# DUBIEK'S

## "BLENDED" FILTER CIGARETTE

# LIDO

20 FILTER CIGARETTES

KING SIZE

20 CIG. 75 AG.

**EVERYBODY TALKS ABOUT THE WEATHER**

but nobody does anything about it. Buy an "Electra" air conditioner (now 30% reduction) and enjoy cool and healthy air in your home and office throughout the summer.

You get the best when you buy "Electra" Israel's foremost air-conditioning firm — St. Rechov Petah Tikva. Tel Aviv, Tel. 31491.

## COOL COMFORT!

And now, ZIM liners, s.s. ZION and s.s. ISRAEL, have been fully equipped with air-conditioning throughout.

This completes the air-conditioning throughout ALL our modern passenger ships — to Europe and the United States — providing ZIM passengers with the perfect climate for comfortable travel. Enjoy your trip — Go by ship!

# ZIM